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Upper Body Lift/J-Torsoplasty

Post-operative Instructions

▶ `	Your pos [.]	t-operative	appointr	ment is sc	cheduled f	or

- ▶ Do not remove your dressings. Your dressings will be removed at your first post-operative appointment. Please keep your compression garment in place at all times. The compression garment will be worn for at least 4 week, but possibly up to 12 weeks if needed. If you choose to purchase a second garment, we can assist you in obtaining the appropriate one.
- ► Keep your dressings dry. Sponge bathe only until further instructed. Usually, you may shower after your first postoperative visit.
- ▶ Empty your drains every 12 hours and record the measurements for each drain, separately and labeled by side, on your chart. Please bring the chart with you to your office visits. The amounts that are draining from each drain will determine when each drain may be removed. The drains are usually removed within 1 week to 10 days, but a number of factors can influence the duration. Once each drain is removed, you should keep a dry gauze dressing for 48 hours over the former sites on the skin to prevent drainage onto your clothing but then may discontinue the drain dressings altogether after those 48 hours.
- ▶ If a liquid skin adhesive (glue) was used along your other incisions, it may take several weeks to dissolve. Do not apply ointments such as Bacitracin directly over the glued area unless instructed, as this may prematurely dissolve this dressing.
- You have received prescriptions for ______ as an antibiotic and _____ for pain relief. Postoperative pain management includes other modalities that are non-narcotic based to minimize reliance on such medications. You may stop taking your antibiotic after the final drain has been removed. Please take <u>Colace</u> as a stool softener to limit abdominal straining and constipation.
- Avoid the following anti-platelet agents until at least your first post-op appointment, including, but not limited, to: ibuprofen products (Advil, Motrin), Aleve, Naprosyn, Celebrex, Toradol, fish oil, herbals, and supplements including those containing Vitamin E, as they result in a higher risk of bleeding.

- If you are taking the following blood thinners or anti-platelet agents, you should have already obtained instructions pre-operatively when they may resume, but please discuss with your surgical team: aspirin, Coumadin (warfarin), Lovenox, Plavix, Pletal, Effient, Aggrenox, Pradaxa, Savaysa, Xerelto, Eliquis, or Brilinta.
- ▶ Do not consume alcohol while taking medications following surgery, especially pain medications, muscle relaxants, anti-anxiety medications, sleeping pills, or other sedatives.
- ▶ Unless otherwise indicated, you may resume your pre-operative diet as tolerated.
- Restrictions are as follows:
 - ▶ You should lay flat on your back in bed. Do not lay on your sides
 - ▶ You may walk as tolerated beginning the day of your surgery.
 - ▶ Avoid crossing your arms or performing a forward reach for 4-6 weeks, as this can put excessive tension on the closure.
 - ▶ No driving for 2 weeks. Further, you will be restricted from driving until all narcotic medications have been stopped.
 - ▶ No heavy lifting (> 5 lbs) for 4 weeks.
 - No strenuous pulling or pushing for 4 weeks.
 - Avoid hot or cold packs against your skin, as burns and other skin changes may occur because of sensory changes.
- Because of the nature of your procedure, you may be at unintended risk of taking shallow breaths to limit your post-operative discomfort. However, shallow breathing can result fevers related to underuse of the lungs, and even pneumonia. Please make sure to utilize an incentive spirometer to ensure deep, active breaths to prevent these issues.
- ▶ Please refrain from nicotine containing products for at least 6 weeks following your surgery. Nicotine reduces circulation and can result in wound healing impairment.
- Every patient and procedure is unique. However, please alert us if you observe any of the following and are concerned:
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 - > worsening bruising at the surgical or adjacent site(s)
 - blisters at the surgical site(s)
 - > increased swelling or size leading to significant and sudden asymmetry
 - > unremitting or increasing pain at the surgical site(s)
 - > significant drainage at the surgical site
- There are a number of different modalities that can limit scar formation postoperatively. Starting 2 weeks post-operatively, we may recommend that you utilize
 silicone sheeting such as Epi-Derm™ Silicone Gel Strips from Biodermis™. This therapy
 may be purchased directly through www.biodermis.com. Silicone sheets should be
 applied overlying the healing scar for at least 12 hours daily, and ideally closer to 24
 hours daily, with gentle cleansing of the scar performed once daily. An individual
 sheet may be re-used multiple times, with the average lifespan being 7-10 days.
 Alternatively, you may choose to utilize any number of silicone scar reduction gels,
 such as Mederma® or Biocorneum®, and massage in a thin coat twice daily to the scar
 for 2-3 months. We recommend silicone gel with the added embedded SPF component.